# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US02/24920

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER  IPC(7) : C12Q 1/68; A01N 43/04; C07H 21/04, A61K 31/07  US CL : 435/6, 325, 91.1, 375; 536/24.5, 23.1, 24.3, 24.1; 514/44  According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC					
B. FIELDS SEARCHED  Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)  U.S.: 435/6, 325, 91.1, 375; 536/24.5, 23.1, 24.3, 24.1; 514/44					
Documentation	Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched				
Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) Biosis, Medline, CaPlus, Embase, Cancerlit					
	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT				
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where ap			Relevant to claim No.	
A	KOSTNER et al. Lipoprotein (a): Still an enigma?	Current Op	inion in Lipidology.	15-20	
Α	JEN ET AL. Suppression of Gene Expression by T	2002, Vol. 13, pages 391-396.  JEN ET AL. Suppression of Gene Expression by Targeted Disruption of Messenger RNA: Available Options and Current Strategies. Stem Cells, 2000 Vol. 18, pages 307-			
A	BRANCH, A. A Good Antisense Molecule is Hard	to Find. TI	BS. February 1998, Vol.	15-20	
Y	23, pages 45-50.  McLEAN et al. cDNA sequence of human apolipoprotein (a) is homologous to			1-15	
Y	plasminogen. Nature. 1987, Vol. 330, pages 132- WEINTRAUB, H.M. Antisense RNA and DNA.	Scientific Am	nerican. January 1990,	1-15	
Y	pages 40-46, see entire article.  MILLIGAN et al. Current Concepts in Antisense I	Orug Design.	Medicinal Chemistry.	1-15	
Y				1-15	
and column 8 line 12; column 6 lines 12-17 and (column 4 lines 26-30.  Y FRITZ et al. Cationic Polystyrene Nanoparticles: Preparation and Characterization of a Model Drug Carrier System for Antisense Oligonucleotides. Journal of Colloid and Interface Science. 1997, Vol. 195, pages 272-288.			1-15		
- Re		<u> </u>			
	r documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.		ee patent family annex.		
"A" documen	special categories of cited documents: t defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be	d.	ater document published after the inte ate and not in conflict with the applic rinciple or theory underlying the inve	ation but cited to understand the	
	of particular relevance  earlier application or patent published on or after the international filing date		ocument of particular relevance; the onsidered novel or cannot be consider the document is taken alone		
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)		"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is		when the document is	
"O" documen	t referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means		ombined with one or more other such eing obvious to a person skilled in the		
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed			"&" document member of the same patent family		
			Date of mailing of the international search report 26 JUL 2003		
Name and mailing address of the ISA/US  Authorized officer				0	
Cor Box	mmissioner of Patents and Trademarks CPCT	Terra C. Gibbs Jarel Forex			
Washington, D.C. 20231 Facsimile No. (703)305-3230 Telephone No. (703) 308-0196					
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tegory *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No
X		
X	MORISHITA et al. Novel Therapeutic Strategy for Atherosclerosis: Ribozyme Oligonucleotides against apo(a) selectively inhibit apo(a) but not plasminogen gene expression. Circulation. 1998, vol. 98, pages 1898-1904.	1-15
X	WO 96/009392 A1 (RIBOZYME PHARMACEUTICALS, INC.) 28 March 1996.	1-15

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Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of Item 1 of first sheet)			
This international report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:			
1.		Claim Nos.: because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:	
2.		Claim Nos.: because they relate to parts of the international application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful international search can be carried out, specifically:	
3.	6.4(a).	Claim Nos.: because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule	
Box	ı Ot	oservations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of Item 2 of first sheet)	
		cional Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this international application, as follows:	
1.		As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers all searchable claims.	
2.		As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite	
3.		payment of any additional fee.  As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this international search report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.: Claims 1-20, SEQ ID NOs 7, 8, 19 and 36	
4. Rer	nark on	No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this international search report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:  Protest  The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.	
Rei	nai k uli	No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.	

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## BOX II. OBSERVATIONS WHERE UNITY OF INVENTION IS LACKING

This application contains the following inventions or groups of inventions which are not so linked as to form a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1. In order for all inventions to be examined, the appropriate additional examination fees must be paid.

Group I, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 7

Group II, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 8

Group III, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 9

Group IV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 10

Group V, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 11

Group VI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 12

Group VII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 13

Group VIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 14

Group IX, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 15

Group X, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 16

Group XI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 17

Group XII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 18

Group XIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 19

Group XIV, claims 1-20 SEQ ID NO: 20

Group XV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 21

Group XVI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 22

Group XVII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 23

Group XVIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 24

Group XIX, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 25

Group XX, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 26

Group XXI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 27

Group XXII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 28

Group XXIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 29

Group XXIV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 30

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Group XXV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 31

Group XXVI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 32

Group XXVII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 33

Group XXVIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 34

Group XXIX, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 35

Group XXX, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 36

Group XXXI, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 37

Group XXXII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 38

Group XXXIII, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 39

Group XXXIV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 40

Group XXXV, claims 1-20, SEQ ID NO: 41

As outlined above, this international searching authority has found 35 inventions claimed in the International Application covered by the claims indicated: Claims 1-20 which specifically claim sequences listed as SEQ ID NOs 7-41, which are intended to modulate the function and/or expression of human apolipoprotein a.

This international searching authority considers that the international application does not comply with the requirements of unity of invention (Rules 13.1, 13.2 and 13.3) for the reasons indicated below:

The inventions listed as Groups 1-XXXV do not relate to a single general inventive concept under PCT Rule 13.1 because, under PCT Rule 13.2, they lack the same or corresponding special technical features for the following reasons:

According to the guidelines in Section (f)(i)(a) of Annex B of the PCT Administrative Instructions, the special technical feature as defined by PCT Rule 13.2 shall be considered to be met when all the alternatives of a Markush-group are of similar nature. For chemical alternatives, such as the claimed antisense sequences, the Marksuh group shall be regarded as being of similar nature when (A) all alternatives have a common property or activity and

(B)(1) a common structure is present, i.e, a signficant structure is shared by all of the alternatives or

(B)(2) in cases where the common structure cannot be the unifying criteria, all alternatives belong to an art recognized class of compounds in the art to which the invention pertains.

The instant antisense sequences are considered to be each separate inventions for the following reasons:

The sequences do not meet the criteria of (A), common property or activity or (B)(2), art recognized class of compounds. Although the sequence target and modulate expression of the same gene, each antisense sequence behaves in a different way in the context of the claimed invention. Each sequence targets a different and specific region of gene Y and each sequence modifies (either increases or decreases) the expression of the gene to varying degrees (per Applicants' Table I in the specification). Each member of the class cannot be substituted, one for the other, with the expectation that the same intended result would be acheived.

Further, although the sequence target the same gene, the sequences do not meet the criteria of (B)(1), as they do not share, one with another, a common core structure. Accordingly, unity of invention between the antisense sequences is lacking and each antisense sequence claimed is considered to constitute a special technical feature.

Applicants will obtain a search of the first sequence listed in the first invention. For every other sequence applicants wish to have searched, applicants need to elect the sequence and pay an additional fee.